Inquiry: Under what conditions may the Fabricator receive and accept a Certificate of Analysis prepared by the manufacturer as a means of satisfying the requirements of RTP-1 Mandatory Appendix M-2, M2-100 and Articles A, B, C, D & E in lieu of inspections and tests being performed by the Fabricator personnel or an independent testing laboratory on resins and curing agents?

Reply: It is the opinion of the Committee that the Fabricator may use a Certificate of Analysis prepared by the manufacturer as a means of satisfying the requirements of RTP-1 Mandatory Appendix M-2, M2-100 and Articles A, B, C, D & E in lieu of inspections and tests being performed by the Fabricator personnel or an independent testing laboratory on resins and curing agents, under the following conditions,

1. The product is accompanied by a manufacturer’s prepared Certificate of Analysis which states the test methods and procedures were followed to obtain the results,
2. The Fabricator accepts the Certificate of Analysis,
3. Fabricator determines the product are the products that were ordered and the product meets the labeling requirements of Mandatory Appendix M-2 Article A with the following exceptions;
   a. M2A-200 (a) (3) – the appearance, (color, clarity, absence of solids, gels and dirt) may be determined by the manufacturer,
   b. M2A-200 (a) (4) - specific gravity, viscosity, and room temperature gel time may be determined by the test methods established and performed by the manufacturer,
   c. M2A-200 (a) (5) – results of specific tests need not be recorded on the Resin Log Sheet (Table M2F-1) provided the Certificate of Analysis is noted in the Log Sheet by a traceable identification and is available for review by concerned parties,
   d. M2A-200 (b) (6) – testing of proper curing activity need not be performed on curing agents by the Fabricator nor recorded on the Curing Agents Log Sheet (Table M2F-2) provided the Certificate of Analysis is noted in the Log Sheet by a traceable identification and is available for review by concerned parties,
4. Use of this Case is documented in the UBRS under “Additional requirements” and,
5. The Case number shall be shown in the Fabricator’s Data Report, line 5 with the ASME RTP-1 edition.
Inquiry: Under what conditions can ultraviolet light absorbers be added to the inner surface and inner layers of an RTP-1 Liner?

Reply: It is the opinion of the Committee that ultraviolet light absorbers can be added to the inner surface and inner layers to minimize ultraviolet degradation of the laminate when the resin manufacturer confirms that the addition of the absorber would not affect the performance of the corrosion barrier in the specified service.

This Case number shall be shown on the Fabricator’s Data Report.